

**DECEMBER, 2025**  
**CALCULUS AND ANALYTIC GEOMETRY**

**Full Marks: 100**

**Time: 3 hours**

*Answer as per instructions. All symbols carry their usual meanings*

*Figures in the right hand margin indicates marks*

1. Answer all the questions (10x1=10)
- (i) What is the number of points in which any asymptote of a curve of nth degree cuts the curve?
- (ii) If  $y = e^{mx}$  then what is the value of  $y_n$ ?
- (iii) Which of the following is not an indeterminate form?
- |                             |                      |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| (a) $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ | (b) $0 \cdot \infty$ |
| (c) $\infty^0$              | (d) $0^\infty$       |
- (iv)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\cos x} + \sqrt{\sin x}} dx = -$
- (v)  $\int e^x [f(x) + f'(x)] dx$  is equal to
- |                           |                    |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| (a) $\int e^x [f'(x)] dx$ | (b) $e^x f(x) + C$ |
| (c) $e^x f'(x) + C$       | (d) None of these  |
- (vi) If  $m \neq n$ , then  $\int_0^\pi \cos mx \cdot \cos nx dx$  is \_\_\_\_
- (vii) The type of conic  $x^2 - 4y^2 + 5x - 8y + 16 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_
- (viii) Write the parametric equation of  $x^2 + 4y^2 = 36$
- (ix) The unit vector in the direction of  $2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$  is \_\_\_\_
- (x) The value of  $[\hat{i} \hat{j} \hat{k}] =$  \_\_\_\_
2. Answer all the questions. (9x2=18)
- (i) Express  $e^x$  in terms of  $\sinh x$  and  $\cosh x$ .
- (ii) Find the value of  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^x$
- (iii) Prove that  $\int_0^a f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(x-a) dx$
- (iv) Integrate:  $\int_{-1}^2 \frac{|x-2|}{2} dx$
- (v) Integrate:  $\int e^{x^3} x^2 dx$
- (vi) Define a parabola. What is the eccentricity of the parabola?
- (vii) Find the arc length of the curve  $x = t^2, y = t - \frac{t^3}{3}, -\sqrt{3} \leq t \leq \sqrt{3}$

(viii) If the vector function  $\vec{f}(t)$  have constant magnitude then show that  $\vec{f} \cdot \frac{d\vec{f}}{dt} = 0$ .

(ix) If  $r = \vec{a}.e^{nt} + \vec{b}.e^{-nt}$  where  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  are constant vectors show that

$$\frac{d^2r}{dt^2} - n^2r = 0.$$

3. Answer any **Eight** questions

**(8x5=40)**

(i) If  $y = \sin(m \sin^{-1} x)$  then show that  $(1 - x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} + m^2y = 0$ .

(ii) Trace the curve:  $r = a(1 - \cos\theta)$

(iii) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^5 x \, dx$  using a reduction formula.

(iv) Show that  $\int \frac{x+\sin x}{1+\cos x} dx = x \tan \frac{x}{2}$

(v) Find  $\int_{-1}^1 \{|x| + [x]\} dx$

(vi) Identify the conic  $y = x^2 - 2x + 3$ . Find its focus and vertex.

(vii) Using washer method, find the volume of the solid that results when the region enclosed by the curve  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ ,  $x = 2$  is resolved about Y-axis.

(viii) Calculate the arc length of the curve:  $x = \cos^3 t, y = \sin^3 t, z = 2, 0 \leq t \leq \frac{3\pi}{4}$

(ix) Prove that  $[\vec{a} \times \vec{b} \quad \vec{b} \times \vec{c} \quad \vec{c} \times \vec{a}] = [\vec{a} \quad \vec{b} \quad \vec{c}]^2$ .

(x) If  $F(x, y) = u(x, y)i + V(x, y)j$ , show that  $Curl F = 0$  if and only if  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}$

4. Answer any **Four** questions.

**(4x8=32)**

(i) Prove that  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \sin x \, dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ .

(ii) Find the asymptotes of the curve:  
 $x^3 - x^2y - xy^2 + y^3 - x^2 + y^2 - 10x - 2y + 1 = 0$ .

(iii) Find the ranges of values of x for which the curve  $y = x^4 - 6x^3 + 12x^2 + 5x + 7$  is concave upwards or downwards. Also determine the point of inflections.

(iv) Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ .

(v) The position of an object at time t is given by  $(4 + \cos 3t, \sin 3t)$ . Find the velocity, acceleration, the normal and tangential components of acceleration of the object at time t.

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**DECEMBER, 2025**

**Introduction to Algebra and Number Theory**

**Full Marks: 100**

**Time: 3 hours**

No.1 Answer all the Question.

**10x1 =10**

1. Define Dihedral Group.
2. Define Centre of a group G, find the centre of  $D_4$ .
3. Find the order of the element 6 in  $\mathbb{Z}_{20}$
4. Find all the generator of the cyclic Group  $(\mathbb{Z}_{20}, +_{20})$
5. Write a normal subgroup of  $D_4$ .
6.  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$  is an integral domain. (True/False)
7. Write first four LUCAS Number.
8. Find the  $GCD(a, b)$  if  $b|a$ .
9. Find the remainder when  $3^{161}$  is divided by 17 .
10. Determine whether the Linear Diophantine Equation  $6x + 12y + 15z = 10$  is solvable or not?

No. 2 Answer All the Question.

**9x2 =18**

1. Find the order of each element of group  $(\mathbb{Z}_5, +_5)$  ?
2. If every element of a group G has self-inverse, then show that G is abelian.
3. Show that every Cyclic Group is Abelian.
4. Define integral domain, Give an example.
5. Define the Ring  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$ .
6. Show that for  $K \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\gcd(3K + 2, 5K + 3) = 1$ .
7. Write Four consecutive integer that are composite number.
8. The LCM of Two Consecutive integer is 812, find them
9. Find all the prime number less than 25.

No.3 Answer **Any Eight** Question.

**8x5 = 40**

1. If H and K are subgroups of Group G then Prove that  $H \cup K$  is a subgroup of G if and only if  $H \subseteq K$  or  $K \subseteq H$ .
2. Let  $G = (\mathbb{C}, +)$  be a group, let  $H = \{a + ib : a, b \in \mathbb{R}, ab \geq 0\}$ , Prove or disprove that H is a subgroup of G.
3. Show that  $o(a) = o(a^{-1})$ .
4. Let R be a ring with  $a^2 = a \forall a \in R$  then show that R is a commutative Ring.
5. Express the  $\gcd(2076, 1776)$  as a linear combination of the number 2076 and 1776.
6. Solve the congruence equation  $12x \equiv 48 \pmod{18}$
7. Solve the linear Diophantine Equation  $12x + 16y = 20$ . Find the general solution and also find all the positive solution.

$$x \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$$

8. Using Chinese Remainder theorem solve the system  $x \equiv 2 \pmod{5}$

$$x \equiv 3 \pmod{7}$$

9. Show that there are infinitely many primes.

10. If  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $a = bq + r$  then show that  $\gcd(a, b) = \gcd(b, r)$

No. 4 Answer **any Four** Question.

**4 X 8 =32**

1. Show that a subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic
2. Let  $H = \{A \in GL_2(\mathbb{R}) \mid \det A \text{ is an integral power of } 2\}$ , Show that H is a Subgroup of G, Check H for Normal subgroup of G.
3. State and proof Fundamental Theorem of Algebra.
4. State and Proof Wilson's Theorem.
5. If  $g = \gcd(a, b)$  then prove that there exist  $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that  $g = am + bn$

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DECEMBER,2025  
DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

*Answer as per instruction.  
figures in the righthand margin indicates marks*

**Section A**

1. Answer all

(10x1 = 10)

- (i) Define a proposition.
- (ii) Write the negation of the statement: "All integers are even."
- (iii) State the Pigeon-hole principle.
- (iv) How many subsets does a set with 3 elements have?
- (v) Define a recurrence relation.
- (vi) What is a partially ordered set?
- (vii) Write the formula for  $C(n, r)$ .
- (viii) Define a loop in a graph.
- (ix) What is a simple graph?
- (x) State Euler's condition for existence of an Euler circuit.

**Section B**

2. Answer all

(9 × 2 = 18)

- (i) Write the truth table of  $p \rightarrow q$ .
- (ii) Define reflexive and symmetric relations with examples.
- (iii) How many ways can 3 objects can be chosen from 7 objects?
- (iv) Solve:  $a_n = a_{n-1} + 2$ ,  $a_1 = 1$ . Find  $a_3$ .
- (v) Define a chain in a poset.
- (vi) Draw the Hasse diagram of  $\{1, 2, 4\}$  under divisibility.
- (vii) What is a connected graph? Give an example of a connected graph.
- (viii) Define a path and a circuit in a graph.
- (ix) State the handshaking lemma.

### Section C

3. Answer **any Eight**

(8 × 5 = 40)

- (i) Prove  $(p \wedge q) \rightarrow p$  is a tautology.
- (ii) Show that the congruence modulo relation is an equivalence relation on the set of integers.
- (iii) If  $P(5, r) = 2 \times P(6, r - 1)$ , find  $r$ .
- (iv) How many arrangements can be made with the letter of the word 'MATHEMATICS'.
- (v) Solve  $a_n = 3a_{n-1}$ ,  $a_0 = 2$ .
- (vi) Define lattice and explain meet and join.
- (vii) A committee of 5 is to be formed out of 6 gents and 4 ladies. In how many ways this can be done so that at least 2 ladies are included.
- (viii) Define degree of a vertex in a graph. How many edges are there in a graph with 10 vertices each of degree six?
- (ix) Show that  $\sim(p \vee (\sim p \wedge q))$  and  $(\sim p) \wedge (\sim q)$  are logically equivalent.
- (x) Define the chromatic number of a graph. Determine the chromatic number of the complete bipartite graph  $K_{m,n}$  where  $m$  and  $n$  are positive integers?

### Section D

4. Answer **any Four**

(4 × 8 = 32)

- (i) Prove that  $\sqrt{2}$  is irrational.
- (ii) Find the solution to the recurrence relation  $a_n = 6a_{n-1} - 11a_{n-2} + 6a_{n-3}$  with the initial conditions  $a_0 = 2, a_1 = 5, a_2 = 15$
- (iii) Draw Hasse diagram and explain duality.
- (iv) Explain Euler and Hamiltonian paths and circuits with examples.
- (v) Explain planar graphs. Is  $K_{3,3}$  planar? Justify your answer.

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**DECEMBER, 2025**

**Calculus and Analytic Geometry**

**Full Marks:100**

**Time: 3 Hours**

1. Answer **ALL** the questions. **[10x1 = 10]**

- i) Find the value of  $\tan h(\ln 4)$ .
- ii) Write the vertical asymptotes of the curve  $xy - 2y = 1$ .
- iii) The curve  $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$  is symmetrical about \_\_\_\_\_.
- iv) Integrate  $\int xe^x dx$ .
- v)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^3 x dx =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- vi) Classify the conic  $4x^2 - 4xy + y^2 - 8x + 5y - 7 = 0$ .
- vii) For the ellipse  $9x^2 + y^2 = 9$ , the foci are \_\_\_\_\_.
- viii) Write the parametric equation of parabola.
- ix) Find  $u \cdot (v \times w)$  if  $u = \langle 1, -2, 2 \rangle$ ,  $v = \langle 0, 3, 2 \rangle$ ,  $w = \langle -2, 4, -4 \rangle$ .
- x)  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{i+tj - e^{-t}k}{1-t} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Answer **ALL** the questions. **[9x2 = 18]**

- i) Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ , if  $x = t^2, y = 2t$ .
- ii) Find the vertical and horizontal asymptote of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2-9}$ .
- iii) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x^{\tan x}$ .
- iv) Explain the meaning of  $\int_a^b f(x) dx$  as a limit of a sum.
- v) Evaluate  $\int x^2 \cos x dx$
- vi) Find the volume of the solid generated when the region enclosed by  $y = \sqrt{x}, y = 2$  and  $x = 0$  revolved about y-axis.
- vii) Write the formula for finding the arclength of the curve.  
 $x = t - \sin t, y = 1 - \cos t, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$
- viii) If  $R$  is a position vector of a moving body, then find the velocity  $V$  and the acceleration  $A$ , where  $R(t) = \langle t \sin t, e^{-t}, t \rangle$ .
- ix) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{t}} \hat{i} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1+t} \hat{k} \right] dt$ .

3. Answer any **EIGHT** the questions. **[8x5 = 40]**

- i) Find the asymptotes of the following curve:  
 $2x^3 - x^2y + 2xy^2 + y^3 - 4x^2 + 8xy - 4x + 1 = 0$
- ii) Find the concavity and inflection point of the function  $f$  defined by  
 $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 - 15x + 3$

- iii) The total cost function for producing a certain product in  $x$  quantity is  $C(x) = 60 - 12x + 2x^2$ . Find the average cost function and level of production that minimizes this function.

- iv) Evaluate  $\int \sin^6 x \cos^5 x \, dx$ .
- v) Find the surface area generated when the graph of the function given by  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}(12 - x)$  on  $[0,3]$  is revolved about  $y$ -axis.
- vi) Find the volume of the solid that results when the region enclosed by the given curve  $y = x^2, y = 2x$  revolved about  $x$ -axis.
- vii) Explain the reflection property of Parabola.
- viii) The base of a solid is the region bounded by  $y = x$  and  $y = 0$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ . If cross-sections perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis are semicircles, find the volume.
- ix) Find a vector function  $F$  such that  $F''(t) = e^t \hat{i} - t^2 \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}, F(0) = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j}, F'(0) = 3\hat{k}$ .
- x) Find the tangential and normal components of the acceleration of an object that moves with position vector  $R(t) = \langle \frac{5}{13} \cos t, \frac{12}{13}(1 - \cos t), \sin t \rangle$

4. Answer any **FOUR** the questions. **[4x8 = 32]**

- i) Sketch the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{3x-5}{x-2}$ .
- ii) If  $y = x \sin^{-1} x$ , prove that  $(1 - x^2)y_{n+2} - (2n + 3)xy_{n+1} - (n + 1)^2 y_n = 0$ .
- iii) Derive the reduction formula for  $\int \cos^n x \, dx$ . Use it to evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^4 x \, dx$ .
- iv) Sketch the graph of  $9x^2 + 4y^2 - 18x + 24y + 9 = 0$ . Also identify the center, major axis, minor axis, end points of major and minor axis, foci, vertex and  $x$ -intercept.
- v) Find the value of  $a$  which satisfies the equation

$$\int_0^a \left[ (t\sqrt{1+t^2})\hat{i} + \left(\frac{1}{1+t^2}\right)\hat{j} \right] dt = \frac{1}{3}(2\sqrt{2} - 1)\hat{i} + \frac{\pi}{4}\hat{j}$$

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